Making a Timer in Alice

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July 2008

www.cs.duke.edu/csed/alice/aliceInSchools
This tutorial will teach you how to make a timer in Alice. Timers can be very useful if you are interested in making timed games and have many other uses.

Start a new Alice world, and add a text object to that world. When it asks you what you want the text object to say, type in 0.0.

Now in your object tree right click on 0.0 and rename it timer. Let’s get started coding our timer.
Click on timer in your object tree, and then go to the properties tab. Click on the create new variable button. Create a Number variable named timeLeft. For now, set its value to 0.

That 0 is just a placeholder. We will write code in the method editor so that we can enter in whatever value we want before we play the world.
Create a class-level method for `timer` called `initialize`. The only command we’ll need in this method is one that sets the value of `timeLeft`. So click on `timeLeft` and drag it into the `initialize` method. Set its value to 1 for now.
Now create a **number parameter** in **initialize** called **amountOfTime**. Drag and drop it over the 1 in your **set value to** command. Now we can set the number to a different value every time we use a timer, without having to change the **initialize** code.

Now drag your **initialize** method into **world.my first method** so that it happens right when your world starts. Set **amountOfTime** to any number you want.
Now we need to write a method that will decrement the `timeLeft` variable, and have our text object display the seconds as they tick down. Create another class-level method, called `countDown`. Drag a `Do in order` inside the method, and then drag a `While` loop inside that.
Click on world in your object tree and then click on the functions tab. Find the $a > b$ button under math.

Drag that button over the true part of your While loop; choose any values, we are going to replace them. Now find timeLeft in the timer’s properties tab, and drag it over $a$. 
Step 4: Count Down Method

Drop a **Do in order** inside the **While** loop. Now we need to change the text of our text object every time **timeLeft** changes. Click on **timer** in the object tree and then click on the **properties** tab. You should see the **text** button.

Click that button and drag it into the **Do in order** inside the **While** loop. Set it to **default string** for now.
Now we need to turn `timeLeft` into a string, so we can display it with our text object. To do this, click on `world` and then the `functions` tab, and scroll down until you see `what as a string`.

Drag and drop that over `default string`, and when the menu pops up, select `expressions` and `timer.timeLeft`.

Set the duration of this command to 0 seconds so that it’s value is set instantaneously.
Now we need to make sure that it takes exactly one second before the value of `timeLeft` is reset. Drag the `Wait` command, which is located under your method editor, into your `Do in order` in your `While` loop and set it to 1 second.
Click on timer in the object tree, and then go to the properties tab. Click on timeLeft and drag it into your method editor right under your Wait command. On the menu that pops up, chose decrement timer.timeLeft by 1.

Now, so that the timer is decremented instantaneously, set the duration of the decrement command to 0 seconds.

Now drag your countDown method into world.my first method under your initialize method and play your world to see what happens.
Notice anything strange about your timer? No matter how many seconds it starts with, it always stops at 1!

This is why: Look at your While statement. It will only repeat itself if timeLeft is greater than zero at the beginning of the statement. When timeLeft gets down to zero, the While statement stops and the text object is never reset. So we need to add a command AFTER your While statement so the timer goes all the way down to 0.
Go to timer on the object tree and then go to the properties tab. Find the text button and drag it into your countDown method under your While statement. Reproduce the same timer set text to command that you have inside your While statement. Your final code will look like this:

Now play your world again, and observe that sweet sweet timer action!
This timer can be very useful for games in which you have to beat the clock. Your timer will need to be run in a Do Together with the other code for your game, or as a separate event in your game.

You can also use these concepts to create a scorekeeper (see my scorekeeper tutorial for more information).